

| Variable | Mean | SD | Min | Max | Skewness | Kurtosis | Normality |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Age | 38.5 | 12.5 | 25 | 65 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.95 |
| Gender | 1.2 | 0.4 | 1 | 2 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.98 |
| Education | 15.2 | 2.1 | 12 | 18 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 0.96 |
| Income | 4500 | 1500 | 2000 | 8000 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 0.94 |
| Health | 2.5 | 0.8 | 1 | 4 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.95 |
| Stress | 3.2 | 1.1 | 1 | 5 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 0.96 |
| Life Satisfaction | 4.1 | 0.9 | 3 | 5 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.95 |
| Work Satisfaction | 3.8 | 1.0 | 2 | 5 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 0.96 |
| Family Satisfaction | 4.3 | 0.8 | 3 | 5 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.95 |
| Community Satisfaction | 3.9 | 1.1 | 2 | 5 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 0.96 |
| Overall Satisfaction | 4.0 | 0.9 | 3 | 5 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.95 |

Abstract of Disclosure

An inspection process and method that is performed not by the operation of a PC but within the inspection device itself according to the inspection program stored in a memory circuit in the inspection device. Therefore, the inspection is performed without being affected by the performance of a PC with constant stability and reliability.

Figures

Figure 1: A line graph showing the relationship between the number of hours spent studying and the score on a test. The x-axis represents the number of hours (0 to 10), and the y-axis represents the score (0 to 100). The data points are as follows:

| Hours | Score |
|-------|-------|
| 0 | 50 |
| 1 | 55 |
| 2 | 60 |
| 3 | 65 |
| 4 | 70 |
| 5 | 75 |
| 6 | 80 |
| 7 | 85 |
| 8 | 90 |
| 9 | 95 |
| 10 | 100 |